



(B) Definitions of certain terms specified in this rule, other than those defined in subsection (2)(A) of this rule, may be found in 10 CSR 10-6.020.

(3) General Provisions. The following references to 40 CFR 60.2575 through 60.2735, 40 CFR 60.2805 through 60.2870, and 40 CFR 60, Subpart DDDD Tables 1 through 9, apply as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22):

(A) Increments of Progress—40 CFR 60.2575 through 60.2615 and 40 CFR 60.2815 through 60.2855;

(B) Waste Management Plan—40 CFR 60.2620 through 60.2630;

(C) Operator Training and Qualification—40 CFR 60.2635 through 60.2665;

(D) Emission Limitations and Operating Limits—40 CFR 60.2670 through 60.2685 and 40 CFR 60.2860;

(E) Performance Testing—40 CFR 60.2690 through 60.2695;

(F) Initial Compliance Requirements—40 CFR 60.2700 through 60.2706. If the owner or operator of a waste-burning kiln chooses to switch to and comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule, initial compliance shall be demonstrated pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1348(a)(5). The initial compliance test must begin on the first operating day following completion of the field testing and data collection that demonstrates that the continuous emissions monitoring system has satisfied the relevant performance acceptance criteria of Performance Specifications 12A or 12B in 40 CFR Part 60 Appendix B. The notification required by 40 CFR 60.2760(a) through (c) shall also include the owner or operators intention to comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule. For waste-burning kilns choosing to comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in paragraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule, the term operating day in 40 CFR 63.1348(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.1348(b)(7) and 40 CFR 63.1349(b)(5) means any twenty-four (24)-hour period beginning at 12:00 midnight during which the kiln produces any amount of clinker. 40 CFR 63.1348(a)(5), 40 CFR 63.1348 (b)(7), 63.1349(b)(5), and 40 CFR 60 Appendix B Specifications 12A and 12B promulgated as of July 1, 2018 are hereby incorporated by reference as published by the Office of the Federal Register. Copies can be obtained from the U.S. Publishing Office Bookstore, 710 N. Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions;

(G) Continuous Compliance Require-

ments—40 CFR 60.2710 through 60.2725. If the owner or operator of a waste-burning kiln chooses to switch to and comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule, continuous compliance shall be demonstrated pursuant to the procedures of 40 CFR 63.1348(b)(7) and 40 CFR 63.1349(b)(5). 40 CFR 63.1348(b)(7), and 63.1349(b)(5) promulgated as of July 1, 2018 are hereby incorporated by reference as published by the Office of the Federal Register. Copies can be obtained from the U.S. Publishing Office Bookstore, 710 N. Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions;

(H) Monitoring—40 CFR 60.2730 through 60.2735 and 40 CFR 60.2865. If the owner or operator of a waste-burning kiln chooses to switch to and comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule, it must also monitor mercury pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1350(k), the clinker production rate pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1350(d), and the flow rate pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1350(n). An owner or operator of a waste burning kiln is not required to develop an emissions monitoring plan pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1350(p)(1) through (p)(4) if the owner or operator prepares the emissions monitoring plan required pursuant to 40 CFR 60.2710(k) and 40 CFR 60.2710(l). 40 CFR 63.1350(d), (k), (n), and (p)(1) promulgated as of July 1, 2018 are hereby incorporated by reference as published by the Office of the Federal Register. Copies can be obtained from the U.S. Publishing Office Bookstore, 710 N. Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions;

(I) Title V Operating Permits—40 CFR 60.2805;

(J) Table 1 through Table 9. The compliance dates for the increments of progress are—

1. For Increment 1, the final control plan must be submitted within one (1) year of the effective date of this rule; and

2. For Increment 2, for CISWI units that commenced construction on or before June 4, 2010, the final compliance date is February 7, 2018; and

(K) Other requirements:

1. Units applicable under paragraph (1)(A)1. of this rule must comply with the emission limits as follows:

A. For energy recovery units, Table 7 of 40 CFR 60 subpart DDDD as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22);

B. For waste burning kilns, Table 8 of

40 CFR 60 subpart DDDD as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22); and

C. For small remote incinerators, Table 9 of 40 CFR 60 subpart DDDD as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22);

2. Units applicable under paragraph (1)(A)2. of this rule, Table 2 of 40 CFR 60 subpart DDDD as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22); and

3. Units applicable under paragraph (1)(A)3. of this rule, Table 6 of 40 CFR 60 subpart DDDD or Table 1 of 40 CFR 60 subpart CCCC as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22), whichever is more stringent.

(4) Reporting and Record Keeping. The provisions of 40 CFR 60.2740 through 60.2800 and 40 CFR 60.2870, apply as specified in 10 CSR 10-6.030(22). If the owner or operator of a waste-burning kiln chooses to switch to and comply with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule, it shall also keep records of all data collected from the continuous flow rate monitoring system required by 40 CFR 63.1350(n), all data collected from the clinker production monitoring system required by 40 CFR 63.1350(d), and all calculated thirty (30)-operating day rolling average values derived from the mercury monitoring system. Units in the waste-burning kiln subcategory complying with the equivalent production-based mercury emission limit in subparagraph (3)(K)1.B. of this rule must also report all deviations from the equivalent production-based mercury limit in accordance with 40 CFR 60.2740 through 40 CFR 60.2800. 40 CFR 63.1350(d), and (n) promulgated as of July 1, 2018 and are hereby incorporated by reference as published by the Office of the Federal Register. Copies can be obtained from the U.S. Publishing Office Bookstore, 710 N. Capitol Street NW, Washington, DC 20401. This rule does not incorporate any subsequent amendments or additions.

(5) Test Methods. (*Not applicable*)

AUTHORITY: section 643.050, RSMo 2016. Original rule filed July 12, 2013, effective March 30, 2014. Amended: Filed May 9, 2018, effective Feb. 28, 2019.*

**Original authority: 643.050, RSMo 1965, amended 1972, 1992, 1993, 1995, 2011.*

10 CSR 10-6.165 Restriction of Emission of Odors

PURPOSE: This rule restricts the emission of



excessive odorous matter. The evidence supporting the need for this rule, per 536.016, RSMo, are minutes from a May 28, 2009, Missouri Air Conservation Commission meeting, letters from Washington University in St. Louis School of Law and the Attorney General's Office dated October 6, 2006, and odor workgroup meeting notes from 2007.

(1) Applicability. This rule shall apply to any person that causes, permits, or allows emission of odorous matter throughout the state of Missouri, except—

(A) The provisions of section (3) of this rule shall not apply to the emission of odorous matter from the pyrolysis of wood in the production of charcoal in a Missouri-type charcoal kiln;

(B) The provisions of section (3) of this rule shall not apply to the emission of odorous matter from the raising and harvesting of crops nor from the feeding, breeding, and management of livestock or domestic animals or fowl with the exception of Class IA concentrated animal feeding operations; and

(C) The provisions of this rule shall not apply to emissions of odorized natural gas, or the chemicals used to achieve the regulated odorization of natural gas, inherent to the operations of a natural gas utility.

(2) Definitions. Definitions of certain terms specified in this rule may be found in 10 CSR 10-6.020.

(3) General Provisions. No person may cause, permit, or allow the emission of odorous matter in concentrations and frequencies or for durations that odor can be perceived when one (1) volume of odorous air is diluted with seven (7) volumes of odor-free air for two (2) separate trials not less than fifteen (15) minutes apart within the period of one (1) hour. This odor evaluation shall be taken at a location outside of the installation's property boundary.

(A) Control of Odors from Class IA Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations. Notwithstanding any provision in any other regulation to the contrary, all Class IA concentrated animal feeding operations shall operate under an odor control plan describing measures that are necessary to maintain compliance with the odor performance standard described in section (3). All new Class IA concentrated animal feeding operations and any operation that expands to become a Class

IA concentrated animal feeding operation shall obtain approval from the department for an odor control plan at least sixty (60) days prior to commencement of operation.

1. The odor control plan shall contain the following:

A. A listing of all sources of odor emissions and description of how odors are currently being controlled;

B. A listing of all potentially innovative and proven odor control options for reducing odor emissions. Odor control options may include odor reductions achieved through: odor prevention, odor capture and treatment, odor dispersion, add-on control devices, management practices, modifications to feed-stock or waste handling practices, or process changes;

C. A detailed discussion of feasible odor control options for odor emissions. The discussion shall include options determined to be infeasible. Determination of infeasibility should be well documented and based on physical, chemical, and engineering principles demonstrating that technical difficulties would preclude the success of the control option;

D. A ranking of feasible odor control options from most to least effective. Ranking factors shall include odor control effectiveness, expected odor reduction, energy impacts, and economic impacts;

E. An evaluation of the most effective odor control options. Energy, environmental, and economic impacts shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis;

F. Description of the odor control options to be implemented to reduce odor emissions;

G. A schedule for implementation. The schedule shall establish interim milestones in implementing the odor control plan prior to the implementation deadline if the plan is not implemented at one time; and

H. An odor monitoring plan.

2. The Missouri Department of Natural Resources' Air Pollution Control Program shall review and approve or disapprove the odor control plan.

A. After the program receives an odor control plan, they shall perform a completeness review. Within thirty (30) days of receipt, the program shall notify the plan originator if the plan contains all the elements of a complete odor control plan. If found incomplete, the program shall provide the originator a written explanation of the plan's deficiencies.

B. Within sixty (60) days after determining an odor control plan submittal is deemed complete, the program shall approve or disapprove the plan. During this sixty (60)-day technical review period, the program may request additional information needed for review. If the plan is disapproved, the program shall give the plan originator a written evaluation explaining the reason(s) for disapproval.

(B) Existing odor control plans shall be amended within thirty (30) calendar days of either—

1. A determination by the staff director that there has been a violation of any requirement of this rule; or

2. A determination by the staff director that an amended odor control plan is necessary to address recurring odor emissions.

(4) Reporting and Record Keeping. Odor control plans shall be reviewed and updated as necessary a minimum of every five (5) years from the date last approved or when a modification occurs. In lieu of a full plan update, a letter may be provided to the department stating that a review was performed and the existing odor control plan is adequate. This review letter or odor control plan update shall be due to the department six (6) months before the current odor control plan expires or at least thirty (30) days prior to the modification occurring with the following provisions:

(A) All existing odor control plans shall be updated by March 31, 2011; and

(B) Any person may petition the department to be removed from the odor control plan requirement based on documentation that the odor source has been removed.

(5) Test Methods. Measurements shall be made with a Nasal Ranger as manufactured by St. Croix Sensory, Inc. or by a similar instrument or technique that will give substantially similar results, or as approved by the department.

AUTHORITY: section 643.050, RSMo Supp. 2013. Original rule filed April 14, 2010, effective Nov. 30, 2010. Amended: Filed Feb. 18, 2014, effective Sept. 30, 2014.*

**Original authority: 643.050, RSMo 1965, amended 1972, 1992, 1993, 1995, 2011.*

10 CSR 10-6.170 Restriction of Particulate Matter to the Ambient Air Beyond the Premises of Origin

PURPOSE: This rule restricts the emission of